

ESCAPED PRISONERS TELL OF TERRIBLE CONDITIONS IN GERMANY

BRITAIN TO LEND U. S. MILLION TONS OF TROOP SHIPS

New Imports Board Planned Further to Save Tonnage by Eliminating Unessentials.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—President Wilson has personally taken up the problem of getting more troops and supplies to Europe, and it was asserted to-day he has been guaranteed 1,000,000 tons of additional shipping for the United States Army by the British Government.

The story is that the British offer was only recently accepted and was to have been kept a secret, but persistent inquiries growing out of Secretary Baker's declaration that 1,000,000 American troops would be in Europe before the end of the year, and denials of Senator Hitchcock and other Senators that it could be done, led to its becoming known.

It has been estimated that to put 1,000,000 men on the fighting front will require from 4,000,000 to 7,000,000 tons of shipping. The United States can get 4,000,000 tons now. The latest Shipping Board estimate of America's ship-producing possibilities is 6,000,000 tons in 1918. Now comes the statement that Great Britain guarantees 1,000,000 tons more.

The assertion was made to-day that this offer will explain the discrepancies between estimates made by Secretary Baker and those of his opponents in the Senate, who have not been told of it. It was also said that the question came up in the deliberations of the Supreme War Council at Versailles and it was there the British finally agreed to turn over 1,000,000 tons to expedite the transportation of Gen. Pershing's forces.

This would be enough tonnage for 200,000 troops on a basis of five tons of shipping a man. With the 4,000,000 tons now available, the 1,000,000 tons guaranteed by Great Britain and the 6,000,000 tons that may be built this year, it would appear there will be ample transportation facilities for the army Secretary Baker said would be on the battle front by the end of the year.

In taking up the shipping question personally, President Wilson conferred last night with Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, discussing every phase of the problem. The President was particularly interested in the proposal to obtain additional ships by reducing imports, probably one-half.

President Wilson is expected soon to announce the creation of a new "imports board." The proposal provides for a board of probably four members—a representative each of the Shipping Board, War Industries and War Trade Board, and a fourth man not associated with any of these departments.

By forming the board, it is expected to reduce greatly imports now carried by neutrals to this country and automatically throw those ships into needed service between the United States and the Allied countries.

POLES CAPTURE COMMANDER OF BOLSHIEV ARMY

Tartars Make War on Reds and General Rising Against Lenin Is Near.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Ensign Abram Krylenko, Commander in Chief of the Bolshiev Army, and his entire staff have been captured by Polish troops at Mohileff, the Russian main headquarters, according to a despatch from Amsterdam, which says the report reached Berlin in a wireless message from Kiev.

All reports to-day indicate that the situation in Russia is rapidly progressing from disorganization to anarchy and that the long-expected military movement against the Lenin-Trotsky regime and the Bolshieviki in general is taking definite shape.

In addition to the tendency of the provisional Governments to split off into "separate republics," such as Ukraine and Finland, there is a broad-based movement aimed directly at the Bolshieviki Government.

A despatch to the Evening Post from Petrograd, from Sebastopol, says that Tartar forces have captured Yalta, in the Government of Taurida, and are advancing on Sebastopol, Russia's chief fortress and naval base on the Black Sea. The Tartars are said to be dealing mercilessly with the Bolshieviki Red Guard. In the Crimea and the Caucasus there are nearly 2,000,000 Turk-Tartars and they are regarded as among the fiercest fighters in the world.

Kiev apparently has been recaptured by the Ukrainian armies. The message from Berlin telling of the capture of Ensign Krylenko adds that the Bolshieviki uprising at Kiev, which was reported several days ago as having been captured by the Bolshieviki, has been completely suppressed by the Ukrainians. Kiev is the seat of the Ukrainian Rada, and is 250 miles south of Mohileff and 650 miles south of Petrograd.

BRITISH CASUALTIES LAST YEAR OVER A MILLION

Gen. Maurice Explains Why So Many Troops Are Kept in Training.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Germans are stronger on the western front now than at any time during the war, but they are numerically inferior to the Franco-British forces, Gen. Maurice, Director General of Operations, declared in his weekly interview to-day.

"The situation need cause us no anxiety," he said.

Replying to enemy propaganda, Maurice declared that the number of Germans in England always exceeds 1,000,000. They are divided among sick, wounded, members of the staff, the supply divisions and men in training, he said. The training division numbers nearly 500,000.

"Our casualties in 1917 were more than a million, hence the large number of men in training," declared Maurice.

Yankee Boys Newly Arrived "Over There" Giving Their Camp a Critical Inspection



RUSSIAN PEACE PARLEY REPORTED BROKEN AGAIN

But Other Rumors Say Negotiations Have Been Resumed at Brest-Litovsk.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Conflicting reports reach London concerning the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk between the Bolsheviks and representatives of the Central Powers.

The correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company at Petrograd reports negotiations have been broken off while a despatch from Amsterdam says Count Czernin, Austrian Foreign Minister, and Herr Koethmann, German Foreign Minister, left Berlin last night for Brest-Litovsk.

"The Central Empires have more important things to do than to serve as objects of experiment for the people's commissaries. The armistice with Russia may be cancelled at any time," said Czernin.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 6.—Germany favors issuance of an ultimatum to the Russian Maximilians, demanding immediate acceptance of the Teutonic peace terms and in case of refusal will march on Petrograd, was the belief expressed in diplomatic circles.

German troops are said to have been concentrated at strategic points on the Eastern front, for the express purpose of a quick thrust at the Russian capital, in case the armistice is terminated.

ORDERS DATA ON HOBOKEN GERMANS KEPT SECRET

Jersey Marshal Seeks to Prevent Use of Information Gained in the Registration.

Albert Bollinger, United States Marshal of the New Jersey district that takes in Hoboken, notified Police Chief Hayes to-day that information obtained in registering German aliens must be kept strictly confidential.

Chief Hayes was surprised by the order, for which he said there was no basis in the Federal regulations. In the last three days 800 Germans have been registered in Hoboken. Forty per cent have relatives in the German army or navy. Many are employed near the United States Army pier and some work in factories turning out gas supplies for the Government.

Eighty German aliens are housed at the German Seaman's Home, No. 64 Hudson Street, a short distance from the pier. They are guarded by the United States Army pier and some work in factories turning out gas supplies for the Government.

JOHN D. JR. TO AID SWANN IN CLEANING UP NEW YORK

More Victims of Crooked Gambling Games Testify at the Vice Investigation.

District Attorney Swann late to-day brought several witnesses before Judge Wadhams in General Sessions to testify in the John Doe inquiry into gambling and vice conditions. The witnesses declared they had been victims of sums ranging from \$50 to \$200 in crooked gambling games in various parts of the city.

Frederick Whiting, Secretary of the Committee of Fourteen, called Mr. Swann and assured him of the hearty co-operation of that organization. He declared John D. Rockefeller Jr. also had endorsed the campaign to clean up the city.

Mr. Rockefeller will be asked to visit Mr. Swann and help outline plans for the inquiry. He has been in organization for the suppression of white slavery. It is believed Mr. Rockefeller will be able to give the District Attorney valuable suggestions and help.

10,105 FINGER PRINTED. IN ADDITION 30,738 Germans Apply for Affidavit Blankets.

Since 5 o'clock Monday morning up to noon to-day 10,105 Germans had been finger printed in Greater New York—4,769 in Manhattan, 1,234 in the Bronx, 2,826 in Brooklyn, 1,291 in Queens, 1,081 in Richmond, and 1,000 in addition, 36,735 applications for affidavit blankets have been made to the police at 131 in Manhattan, 1,541 in the Bronx, 4,131 in Brooklyn, 7,449 in Queens, 2,392 and Richmond, 5,563.

Adopted Child Burned to Death. Five-year-old boy, named Frank, was burned to death to-day in the apartment of George Otto, No. 48 East 9th Street. The child had been brought there yesterday from a home at East Street and Amsterdam Avenue, and it was understood she was to be adopted.

ACORNS AND RYE USED FOR COFFEE BY THE GERMANS

Infant Mortality So Great Children Are Being Sent to Holland.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Conflicts are occurring frequently between "famished mobs" and the police in Germany, according to reports brought back by escaped Serbian prisoners, the Serbian press bureau here announced to-day.

The mortality rate among children is reported large and many are being sent to Holland villages until the crisis is over. "The people were told," the Serbs reported, "that the war would be over by last Christmas. Every one is talking of peace in whispers to avoid arrest and possibly being sent to the front."

"Of coffee there is none. Instead, the Germans are frying acorns and rye and drinking the liquid. The whole of the metal currency—nickel as well as silver—has been withdrawn."

"Livestock for the army is requisitioned every month. The bread of a whole village is baked in one place and is black as earth. Up to September last every person was getting twelve pounds per month; then the monthly allowance was reduced to nine pounds."

FIVE-CENT FARE TO CONEY PUT OFF UNTIL NEXT YEAR

Delay in Constructing Last Link of Culver Line and Effect of War Are Blamed.

There will be no five-cent fare to Coney Island this year. Unofficial announcement to this effect was made to-day at the office of the Public Service Commission.

Because of the delay in constructing the last link of the Culver line and the effect of war on labor conditions and materials the commission sees no chance for the nickel rate until the summer of 1919.

As a temporary plan, negotiations are on with the B. R. T. for an agreement by which residents of what is now the second fare zone may ride to Manhattan on all rapid transit lines in the morning rush period and return in the evening for ten cents. Such an arrangement is now in effect during the summer months.

Under the dual system contracts the fare to Coney Island will go into effect on all rapid transit routes when the West End and Culver lines are finished. No provision was made in the contract for the surface car lines, but it has been accepted that the trolley lines would be compelled to cut fares in half on competition from subway and "L" lines.

ENRIGHT TRANSFERS SIX. INSPECTORS CONVEY AND MEAD AMONG THOSE SHIFTED.

Commissioner Enright to-day announced the following transfers of police officers:

Inspector Joseph A. Convey from the Sixteenth Inspection District, in South Brooklyn, to the Second District, which covers the lower east side of Manhattan. Inspector Charles E. Mead from the Second to the Sixteenth District, Capt. Michael R. Kelley from the West 68th Street Station to the Snyder Avenue Station in Brooklyn, Capt. Charles A. Formosa from the Snyder Avenue Station to the Mercer Street Station in Manhattan, Capt. Frederick Macfarlane from Stapleton, N. J., to the Brooklyn Avenue Station in Brooklyn; Lieut. James P. Shaw, who has been Acting Captain at the Mercer Street station, goes to the West 68th Street Station.

The promotion of the following sergeants to lieutenants also was announced: Charles J. Barrett, Vincent J. Sweeney and Kenneth Flinn.

J. M. LYNCH RENOMINATED. Industrial Commissioner's Confirmation Blocked in Senate.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 6.—James M. Lynch of Syracuse, former President of the International Typographical Union, to-day was renominated by Gov. Whitman as a member of the State Industrial Commission. He was named for a six year term.

Immediate confirmation of the appointment, which is customary in the case of renominations, was blocked by Senator George F. Thompson, who refused unanimous consent. The nomination then was sent to the Finance Committee.

CHARGES RECOUNT FRAUD. Counsel for McIntyre Says Delahanty Worker Charged Bribe.

Bernard Jarecki, one of the workers engaged in recounting the ballots in the election contest brought by former Judge John P. McIntyre, of General Sessions, was accused to-day by counsel for Judge McIntyre of tampering with the ballots in favor of the defeated candidate for re-election. Attorney John G. Haze and the Delahanty worker had been seen to wet his fingers and make an erasure on a ballot.

The court was adjourned until tomorrow, and Justice Sawyer said the charges would be thoroughly investigated.

HERE'S ANOTHER SAMPLE OF GERMAN DEALS WITH REDS IN UNITED STATES

Letter of Instructions Said Workmen of Anarchistic Tendencies Could Be Employed.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The Petit Parisien publishes a letter of instructions to German military agents in the United States, dated Jan. 15, 1918, and signed "General Headquarters, Dr. Fischer." In the letter directions are given concerning the destruction of property in the United States by explosions and otherwise, and the following is added:

"Agents to carry on destructive work can be recruited among the workmen's unions which have Anarchistic tendencies."

ATTEMPTED GERMAN RAIDS REPULSED BY THE BRITISH

London War Office Reports Artillery Activity on Both Sides Near Harghcourt and Lens.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Following is to-day's official report:

"Raids attempted by the enemy during the night in the neighborhood of Mericourt and Avion in each case were successfully repulsed. We captured a few prisoners."

"Except for some artillery activity on both sides in the neighborhood of Harghcourt and south of Lens there is nothing further to report."

PARIS, Feb. 6.—To-day's official statement is as follows:

"There was violent artillery fighting late in the night in the region of Vouziers (Verdun front, east of the Meuse). In the Woëvre French patrols brought back prisoners. On the remainder of the front the night was calm."

BOLSHIEVIKI DEFEATED BY FINNISH TROOPS

Large Quantities of Arms and Ammunition Reported Captured.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 6.—The Bolshieviki Red Guards were "sangulantly defeated" at Tervola by White Guards under Capt. Jacobsen, a Finlander from Germany, according to copies of the Berlingske Tidende.

The White Guards are said to have captured large quantities of arms and ammunition.

The Russians are bombarding Viborg. It was declared, and violent fighting is under way in that vicinity. Viborg is situated on an arm of the Gulf of Finland, about 100 miles north-west of Petrograd.

BEGIN TRIAL OF POLICEMAN ACCUSED IN CRUGER CASE

Difficulty Experienced in Getting Jury to Hear Extortion Charge Against Cycle "Cop."

Difficulty is being experienced in getting a jury in the trial for extortion of Thomas M. Kerrigan, a motorcycle policeman indicted as a result of the murder of Ruth Cruger and the escape of her murderer, Alfredo Cocchi. Indicted with Kerrigan were James P. Haggerty and Willard A. Helms, also motorcycle policemen.

The trial began to-day before Justice Off. James W. Osborne is a special prosecutor against Kerrigan. The specific charges against the policeman is that he demanded and received from Albert Schutek, chauffeur for A. R. From, Fifth Avenue jeweler, a pair of cuff links.

Chaufeur testified before the Grand Jury that he was arrested by Kerrigan in April, 1915, for speeding and died on the way to the police station. The policeman admitted his cuff links, which he turned over to him. The charge was reduced from speeding to failure to have his cuffs muffled.

Up to noon three jurors had been selected. Henry J. Sweeney, called was the owner of an automobile and many of them knew Kerrigan.

"ROOKIE" FIREMAN HURT AT FIRST AVENUE BLAZE

Hit on Head by Falling Bricks—Third Floor of Storage House Destroyed.

Fire destroyed the third floor of the three-story brick building at 45th Street and First Avenue, occupied by Wilson & Co., dealers in beef, this afternoon. It gave a "rookie" fireman on his first day a taste of fire fighting.

Patrolman Meyers saw flames shooting from the building and turned in an alarm. With the arrival of the first apparatus a second alarm was turned in, bringing Chief Kenlon, Deputy Chief Martin and two fireboats.

The basement, first and second floors are occupied as a storage for hides, and the second and third floors for a wooden assorting. The loss was \$15,000.

While the crew of Engine Company No. 45 were at work in front of the building a shower of bricks fell from the roof. Fireman John P. O'Connor, the "rookie" was struck on the head and face and was attended by Dr. Hernandez of Flower Hospital. It was his first run. When he returned with his head in a bandage he was cheered by his comrades.

COFFEE SPECULATION KILLED ON N. Y. EXCHANGE

Food Administrator Hoover Orders Dealing in Green Product Discontinued.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Speculation in green coffee on the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange was ordered discontinued to-day by Food Administrator Hoover.

The prohibition is effected by forbidding dealing in green coffee on the exchange at a price above 8 1/2 cents a pound for type No. 7 on spot contracts.

"The Food Administration's action was taken after a conference with members of the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, in which dealers volunteered to take the necessary steps to eliminate coffee speculation. Dealers in green coffee are prohibited to have more than a ninety-day supply on hand. The stocks permitted to coffee dealers in the United States are explained, are in addition to those which they have now on route from foreign countries or under contract with such countries. It is intended to restrict dealers in green coffee to profits normally made in previous times and to prevent speculative profits."

BABY DIES AS COURT ACTS. Charge of Assault Made One of Murders as Father Is Accused.

The Grand Jury to-day was in the midst of hearing witnesses against Michael Surra, a laborer of No. 1223 Amsterdam Avenue, arrested for beating his two-month-old child, who was received from the Eastern Hospital that the infant had died as the result of the father's cruelty.

Assistant District Attorney Ryttenberg immediately had a writ of habeas corpus issued for the Grand Jury the charge of assault against Surra and proceeded to hear the case. The charge was reduced to manslaughter. Before the Grand Jury Mrs. Rosa Surra testified that she was delivered of twins on Nov. 1, 1917. One was ill and feeble and on Jan. 29 her husband forced a mixture of alcohol and kerosene down the child's throat. The baby screamed with pain and the father threw it from its crib to the floor. It struck its head on the floor and finished its outburst of wrath by throwing the child through the bottom of its crib.

OUSTED FROM SCHOOL BOARD. Crags, Who Made Statement Reflecting on Jews, Is Removed.

Borough President Riegelmann of Brooklyn to-day removed Samuel H. Crags from Local School Board, District No. 12, because of a statement reflecting on Jews of draft age.

Gov. Whitman recently removed Mr. Crags from the Exemption Board, where the trouble began.

President Riegelmann appointed Sgt. Charles A. Beck as a writer and social service worker in William H. Crags's term, which expires Dec. 31, 1921. Mrs. H. A. D. Hollman was appointed in place of Mr. J. Purdy, whose term was to expire Dec. 31, 1922.

DIED. ADAMS—REBECCA ADAMS

Services at CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., Wednesday, 8 P. M.

LAMB—FRANK LAMB

Services at CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., Thursday, 12 noon.

PENNY A POUND PROFIT

CANDY

BUYING CANDY is largely a matter of family doctor confidence. You haven't the slightest idea what ingredients his prescription calls for. You don't care. You have enough confidence in your family doctor to make it a matter of little concern. It's the same way with folk who buy LOFT CANDY, year in and year out. They have that confidence in the Manufacturer which assures them that LOFT SWEETS are Absolutely Pure. That's all the care to know. The name LOFT on the box of candy they buy contains an insurance policy of the Quality of the goods which it contains.

George W. Loft

Attractive Offerings for Wednesday, Feb. 6

MINT SWEETS—If you can't make a finer selection than this assortment presents, comprising Chocolate Peppermints, Sugar Peppermints, Peppermint Wafers, etc. **29c**

CHOCOLATE COVERED MELBARS—As the name suggests, this sweet has for its centre a combination of Rich Caramel and Hand-sweetened Marshmallows, and a jacket of our unexcelled fragrant velvety chocolate. **39c**

FOUND BOX **49c**

Stores, New York, Brooklyn, Newark.

New Places of Sale for All New York Newspapers Established Since Monday:

At the new stations of the United Newspaper Delivery Company:

- 351 1/2 Greenwich Ave., near 8th St.
- 408 Sixth Ave., near 25th St.
- 362 Ninth Avenue, near 31st St.
- Northwest cor. 156th St. & B'way.
- 585 W. 181st Street, corner St. Nicholas Ave.
- 3,877 Tenth Ave., near 207th St.
- 130B E. 28th St., nr. Lexington Av.
- 730 Lexington Ave., near 50th St.
- 1,165 Madison Ave., near 86th St.
- 182 E. 116th St., near 3rd Ave.
- 402 Fordham Rd., cor. Webster Av.
- 841 Norstrand Ave., near Gates Ave.
- 1,509 Kings Highway, near Brighton Elevated Station.

New Stations Manhattan Bronx Brooklyn

Places of Sale Previously Announced:

In Manhattan and the Bronx

- At all subway and elevated news stands.
- At all hotels.
- At branch offices of The World and all other New York newspapers.

At the new stations of the United Newspaper Delivery Company:

- 1,007 1/2 Flatbush Avenue near Tilden Ave.
- 12 Belvidere Street, near Broadway.
- 7,003 Third Avenue, near 70th Street.
- Myrtle Avenue and Stephens Street.
- At all subway and elevated news stands.

In Brooklyn